

Mobile Application Flutter Layouts

Part-4

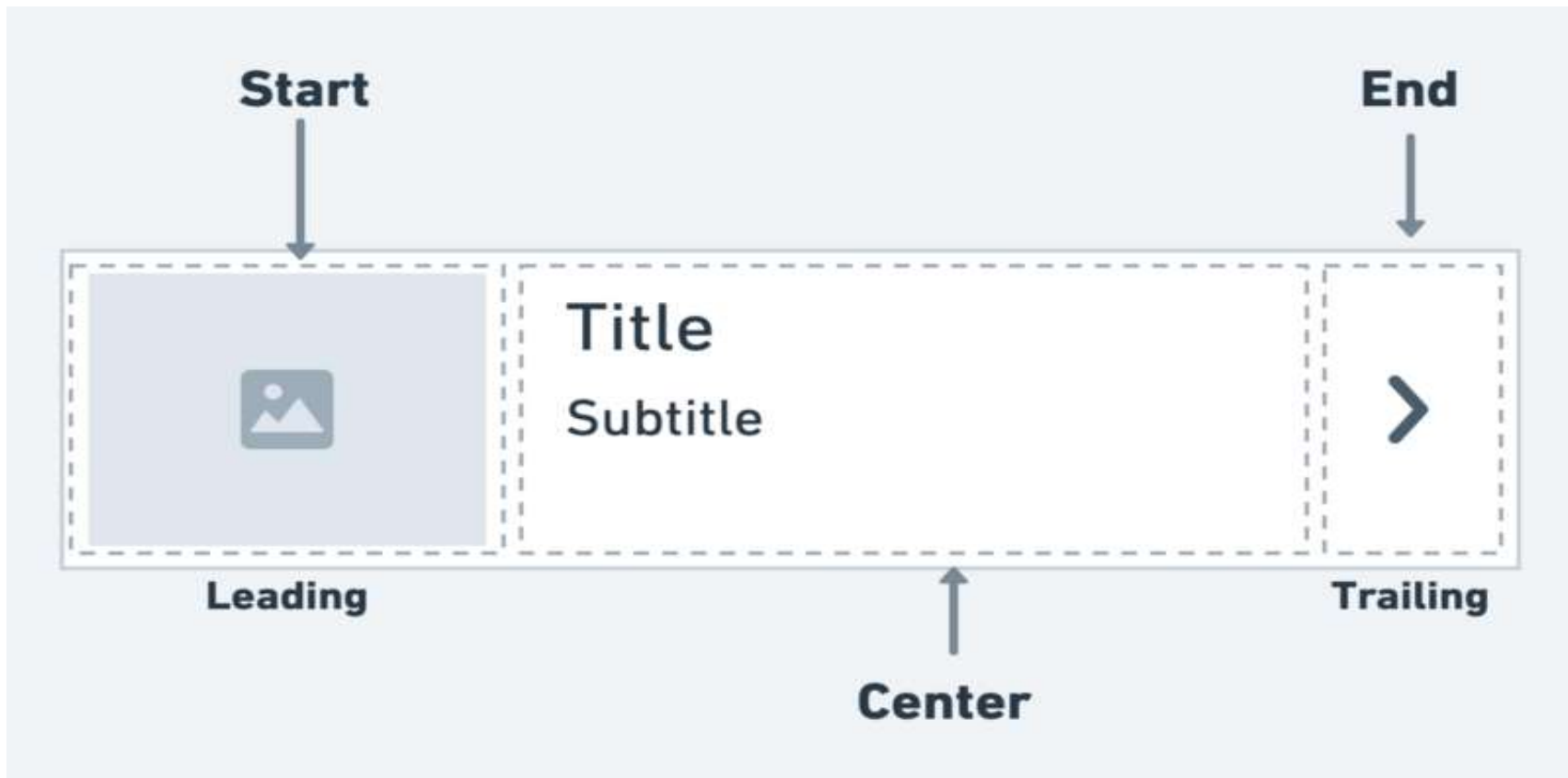
List

- List Tile
- List View
- List View Builder

What is ListTile?

- The ListTile widget in Flutter is a UI element that displays related information.
- A typical ListTile is divided into three sections; **Start**, **Center**, and **End**. The Start section contains the leading widget; the Center section includes the title and subtitle, and the End section contains the trailing widget.

ListTile



ListTile

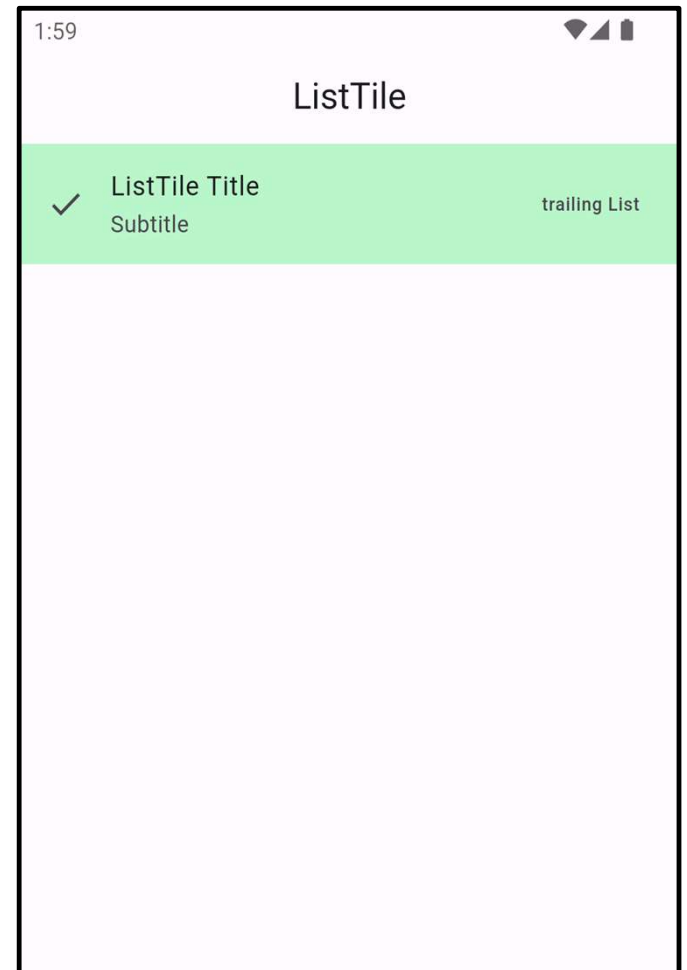
- It is mainly used to populate the scrollable views such as ListView, Column, and Row. For example, you can use the ListTile to show a list of to-do items, emails, navigation options, and more. You can also receive the click event by tapping the ListTile.

ListTile Properties

- **title**: title to be given to ListTile widget.
- **trailing**: trailing widget of the ListTile.
- **titleColor**: This property defines the background color of the ListTile when it is not selected, by taking in Color class as the object
- **subtitle**: additional content displayed below the title.
- **onTap**: function to be called when the list tile is pressed.
- **leading**: leading widget of the ListTile.
- **enable**: This property controls whether the ListTile will be interactive or not by taking in a boolean as the object.
- **shape**: the shape of the title's InkWell.

Example

```
body: Container(  
  color: Colors.greenAccent.shade100,  
  child: ListTile(  
    title: Text("ListTile Title"),  
    leading: Icon(Icons.done),  
    trailing: Text("trailing List"),  
    subtitle: Text("Subtitle"),  
  ),  
),
```



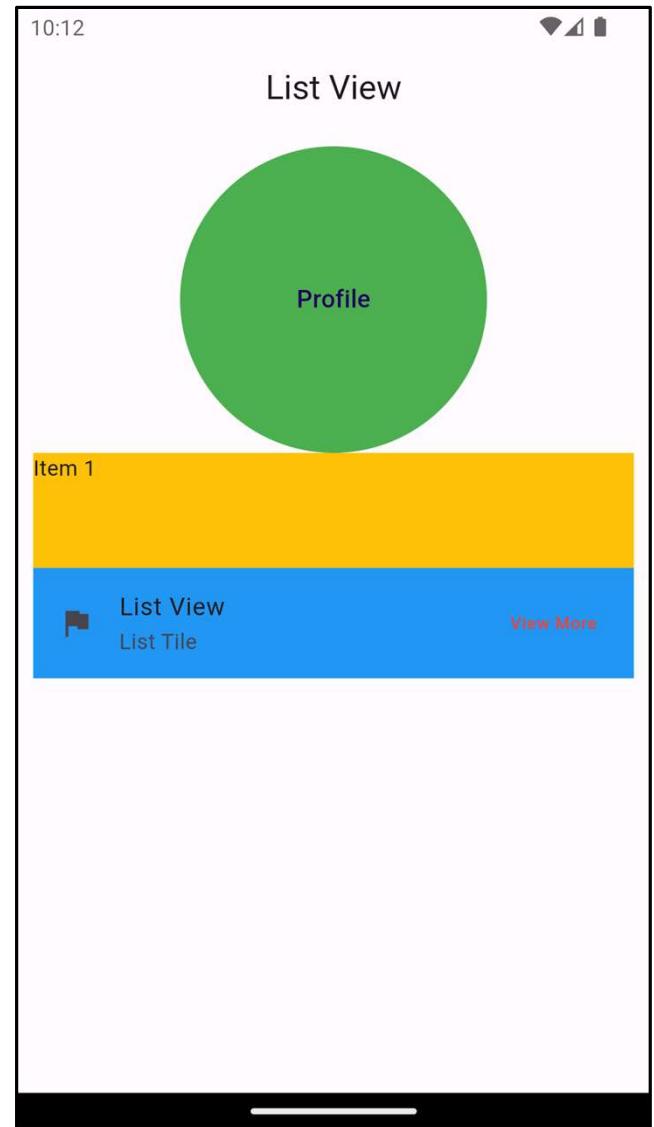
ListView

- In Flutter, ListView is a **scrollable** list of widgets arranged linearly. It displays its children one after another in the scroll direction i.e, vertical or horizontal.
- It is one of the most common tools for building dynamic interfaces that house a large number of components or widgets.


```

ListView(
padding: EdgeInsets.all(10),
children: [
CircleAvatar(
child: Text("Profile"),
radius: 100, backgroundColor: Colors.green,
),
Container(
color: Colors.amber, height: 75,
child: Text("Item 1"),
),
Container(
color: Colors.blue,
child: ListTile(
title: Text("List View"), leading: Icon(Icons.flag),
trailing: Text("View More", style: TextStyle(color:
Colors.red)),
subtitle: Text("List Tile"),
),
),
], ),

```



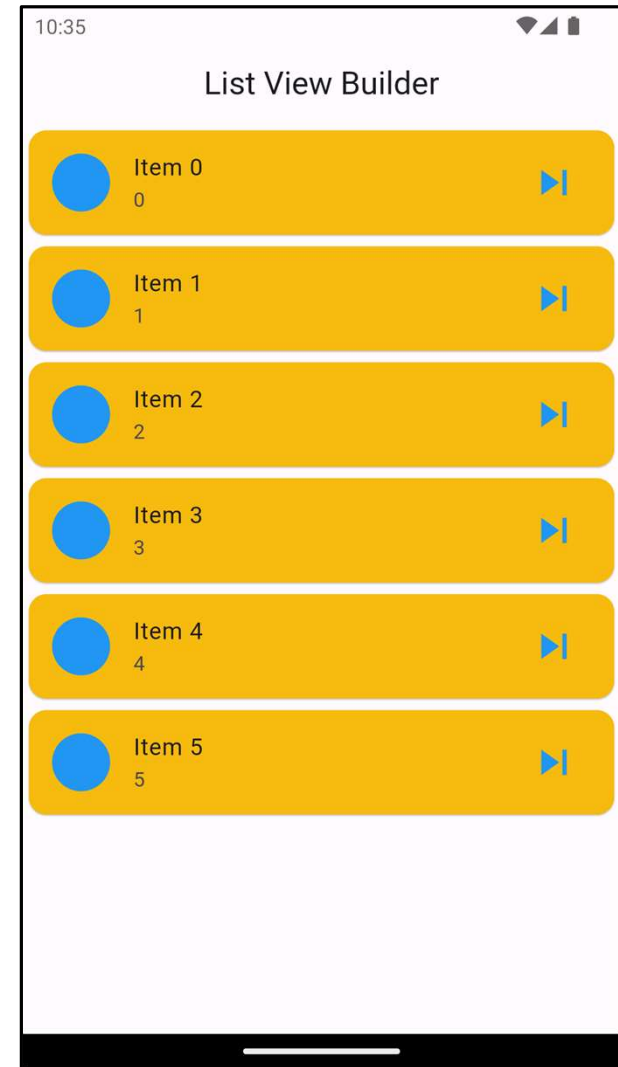
ListView.builder

- `ListView.builder` is a powerful Flutter widget used for efficiently creating scrollable lists or grids of items. It's particularly useful when dealing with a large number of items because it creates items on-demand as the user scrolls, reducing memory usage and improving performance. Here's an explanation of its main components:

ListView.builder

- **itemCount**: This property defines the number of items in the list. It specifies how many times the itemBuilder function will be called.
- **itemBuilder**: This callback function is called for each item in the list. It takes two arguments: BuildContext and int index. You're responsible for returning the widget for the item at the given index.
- **scrollDirection**: Specifies the direction in which the list should scroll. It can be either Axis.vertical (default) for a vertical list or Axis.horizontal for a horizontal list.
- **shrinkWrap**: This property takes in a boolean value as the object to decide whether the size of the scrollable area will be determined by the contents inside the ListView.

```
body: ListView.builder(  
    itemCount: 6,  
    itemBuilder: (context, index) {  
return Card(  
color: Colors.amber,  
child: ListTile(  
title: Text("Item " + "$index"),  
subtitle: Text("$index"),  
leading: CircleAvatar(  
backgroundColor: Colors.blue,),  
trailing: Icon(  
Icons.skip_next,  
color: Colors.blue,  
size: 35,  
    ),  
    ),  
    ); }, ),
```



Example

- I will display the list of Student with its name , mobile and mark with an Icon that will be the first alphabet of the student name.

Step 1: Create Custom Data Class

- In this step, I will create a Student class that has names, mobile and mark of the stocks. It is created only to map the items of the object with the ListView Builder.

```
class student {
    String name;
    String mobile;
    double mark;

    student({
        required this.name,required this.mobile,required this.mark,
    });
}
```

Step 2: Create a Stateful Widget

- The next step is to create a Stateful Widget that will contain all the dummy data items mapped with the above class. All the logic or the implementation part is done inside the build() method.

```
class MyApp extends StatefulWidget {  
  @override  
  State<MyApp> createState() => _MyAppState();  
}  
  
class _MyAppState extends State<MyApp> {  
  @override  
  
  List my_student = [  
    student(  
      name: "Lava mofaq",      mobile: "0770 111 22 33",      mark: 65, ),  
    student(  
      name: "Darbin kamaran", mobile: "0770 111 22 34",      mark: 50, ),  
  ];  
  
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
    return MaterialApp(  
      debugShowCheckedModeBanner: false,  
      home: Scaffold(  

```


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```
appBar: AppBar(  
  title: Text("List View Builder"),  
  backgroundColor: Colors.cyan,  
  centerTitle: true,  
),  
body: Column(  
  children: [  
    Text("My Stuednts",  
      style: TextStyle(  
fontSize: 30,  
letterSpacing: 4)),  
    SizedBox(  
      height: 10,  
    ),  
  ],  
),
```

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```
Expanded(  
  child: ListView.builder(  
shrinkWrap: true,  
itemCount: my_student.length,  
itemBuilder: (context, index) {  
  return Card(  
margin: EdgeInsets.all(10),  
color: Colors.cyan.shade100,  
shape: RoundedRectangleBorder(  
borderRadius: BorderRadius.only(  
  topLeft: Radius.circular(25),  
  bottomRight: Radius.circular(25)),  
  ),  
  ),  
  child:
```

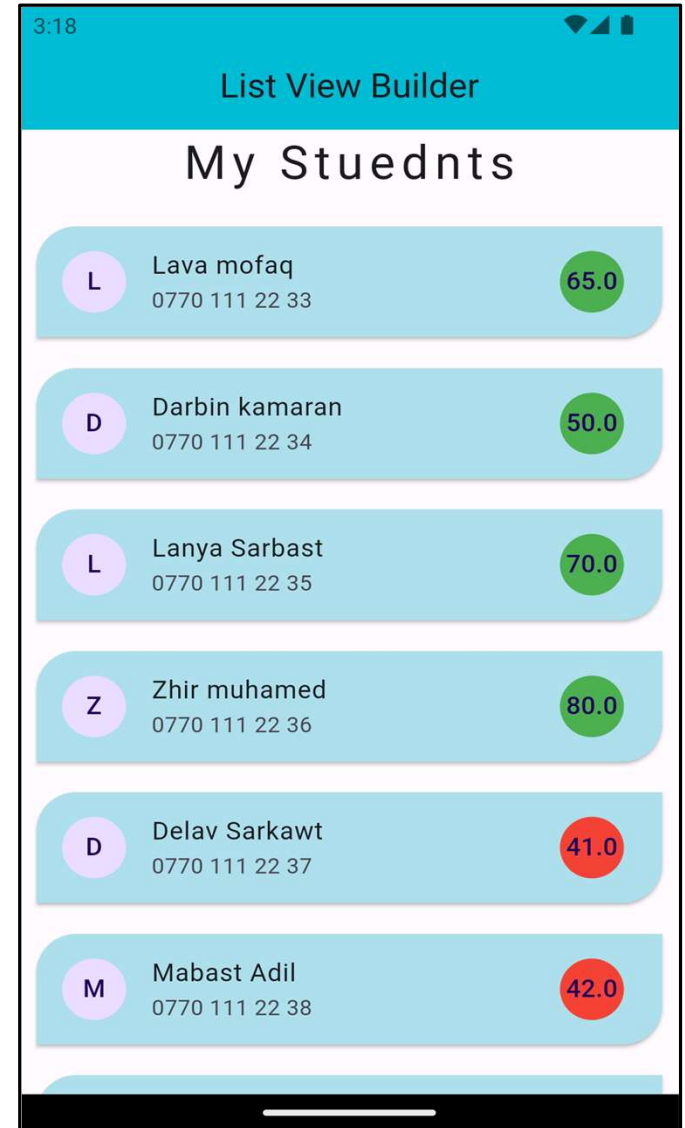
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```

ListTile(
  title: Text(my_student[index].name),
  subtitle: Text(my_student[index].mobile),
  trailing: CircleAvatar(
    backgroundColor:
my_student[index].mark >= 50? Colors.green
      : Colors.red,

    child: Text(
      my_student[index].mark.toString(),
    ),
  ),
  leading: CircleAvatar(
    child: Text(my_student[index].name[0]),
  ),
);
})),),),),),);}}

```



Try this

