



Clinical Biochemistry

Lab. 6

Measurement of Serum Bilirubin

Prepared by:

Darya Shorsh Hamad

Mcs. in Clinical Biochemistry E-mail: darya.shorsh@sulicihan.edu.krd

Laboratory Tests for Bilirubin

-53 g/d1 C 3.12 mg/d1 C 5.12 mg

- There are two types of bilirubin:
 - Conjugated bilirubin (Direct)
 - Unconjugated bilirubin (indirect)
- **Total bilirubin** is composed of :The conjugated bilirubin + The unconjugated bilirubin
- The total bilirubin level increases with any type of jaundice.
- Types of Jaundice:
 - □ **Pre hepatic:** pathology is occurring prior the liver
 - □ **Hepatic:** pathology is located within the liver
 - □ **Post hepatic:** pathology is located after the conjugation of bilirubin in the liver

Laboratory Tests for Bilirubin

	Pre-hepatic Jaundice	Hepatic Jaundice	Post-hepatic Jaundice
Total bilirubin	Increased	Increased	Increased
Conjugated bilirubin	Normal	Normal / Decreased	Increased
Unconjugated bilirubin	Increased	Normal / Increased	Normal

Principle of Bilirubin Measurement

- ☐ Bilirubin is typically measured using **diazotized sulfanilic acid**, which forms a **conjugated azo compound with the porphyrin rings of bilirubin**, resulting in reaction products that **absorb strongly at 540 nm**.
- ☐ Because unconjugated bilirubin reacts slowly, accelerants such as caffeine or methanol are used to measure total bilirubin.
- ☐ Deletion of **these accelerants** allows determination of direct, bilirubin.

Sulfanilic acid + NaNO₂ HCI diazotized sulfanilic acid

Bilirubin + diazotized sulfanilic acid pH 1.4 azobilirubin

Specimen & Storage



- Total bilirubin determinations using a diazo method require either serum or plasma.
- Bilirubin is very sensitive to and is destroyed by light and heat; therefore specimens should be protected from ambient light prior to and during analysis.
- If separated and stored in the dark, serum or plasma is stable for:
 - 1 day at 15 25 °C
 - 7 days at 2 8 °C
 - 3 months at 20 °C (if frozen immediately)

Serum bilirubin levels



- Normal total Bilirubin in Adults
 - 0.2 1 mg/dL
- Unconjugated (indirect):
 - 0.2 0.7 mg/dL
- Conjugated (direct):
 - 0.0 0.2 mg/dL
- Latent jaundice:
 - Above 1 mg/dL
- Jaundice:
 - Above 2 mg/dL
- Neonates: usually bilirubin level less than or equal 8 mg/dL is normal