Kurdistan Region - Iraq University of Cihan – Sulaymaniyah Department of Architectural Engineering



# Stitching Cracks in a Historical Buildings

**LECTURER: SARKO HASSAN SLEMAN** 

CORSE BOOK - YEAR: BUILDING REHABILITATION- 5TH STAGE

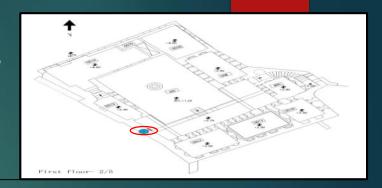
ACADEMIC YEAR: 2022-2023

# **Stitching Cracks**

- -Clearing out the damaged bricks along the crack.
- -Placing horizontal wooden joists 1 m length at every 1 m height inside the cracked brick wall.

(The wooden joists are treated against termite and insects).

- -Rebuilding the crack area by brick and lime mortar;
- (1 lime:1 sand: 0.75 stone dust)



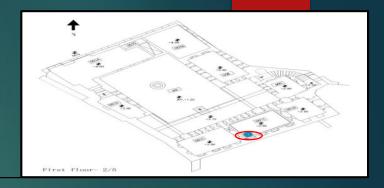
#### Crack No. C2





# Stitching Cracks

- -Clearing out the damaged bricks along the crack.
- -Placing horizontal wooden joists 1 m length at every 1 m height inside the cracked brick wall. (The wooden joists are treated against termite and insects).
- -Rebuilding the crack area by brick and lime mortar;
- (1 lime:1 sand: 0.75 stone dust)



#### Crack No. C13



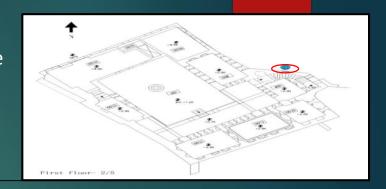


# **Stitching Cracks**

- -Clearing out the damaged bricks along the crack.
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(The wooden joists are treated against termite and insects).

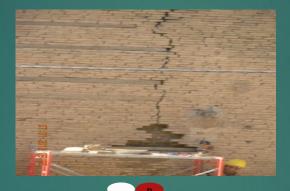
- -Rebuilding the crack area by brick and lime mortar;
- (1 lime:1 sand: 0.75 stone dust)



#### Crack No. C22





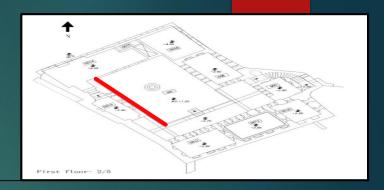








- -Repairing the brick wall by replacing the detiorated brick with new bricks using the lime mortar :
- (1 lime:1 sand: 0.75 stone dust)
- -Inserting treated wooden joist for consolidating
- -Cleaning the brick surface.



## Courtyard Wall (North East Façade)







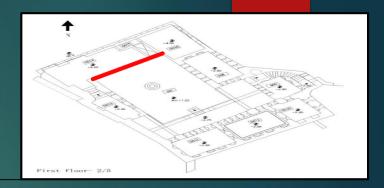




-Repairing the brick wall by replacing the deteriorated brick with new bricks using the lime mortar mixture :

(1 lime:1 sand: 0.75 stone dust)

- -Inserting treated wooden joist for consolidating
- -Cleaning the brick surface.



## Courtyard Wall (South East Façade)





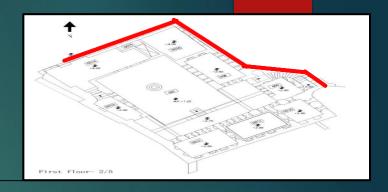








- -Removing cement plaster from the lower part of the façade wall
- -Repairing the brick wall by replacing the deteriorated brick with new bricks using the lime mortar:
- (1 lime:1 sand: 0.75 stone dust)
- -Cleaning the brick surface.



## Front & Side Façade(North West & North East Façade)





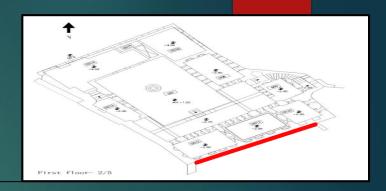








- -Removing cement plaster.
- -Preparation and shoring
- -Repairing the brick wall by replacing the detreated brick with new bricks using the lime mortar:
- (1 lime:1 sand: 0.75 stone dust)
- -Cleaning the brick surface.



## Back Façade (South East Façade)







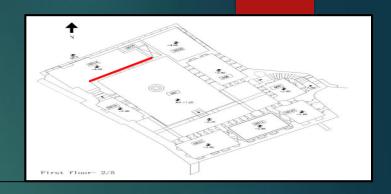






## **Retaining Wall**

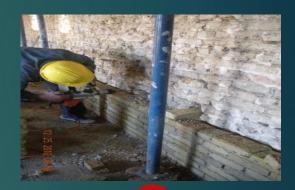
- -Building a retaining wall along the wall for consolidating the structure with bricks and lime mortar (1 lime:1 sand: 0.75 stone dust)
- -Connecting the two walls by using treated wooden joists.



#### **Inner Retaining Wall**





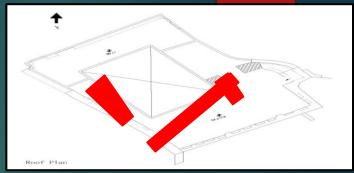






# Repairing Damaged Ceiling

- 1-Dissmatiling the damaged part of the roof.
- 2-Placing 5 inch I section beam at every 70 cm.
- 3-Building the jack arches with brick and gypsum.









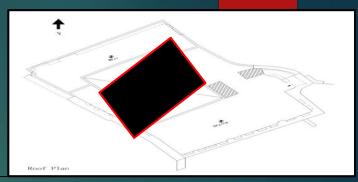






# Courtyard Iron Roof

-Dismantling the deteoraited Iron roof and placing a new steel structure roof, consisted of Iron girders, aluminum sections, laminate thickness 10mm.









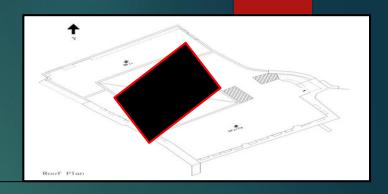






# Courtyard Iron Roof

-Dismantling the deteriorated Iron Roof and placing a new steel structure roof, Consisted of Iron Girders, Aluminum sections, poly carbonate plastic sheets .





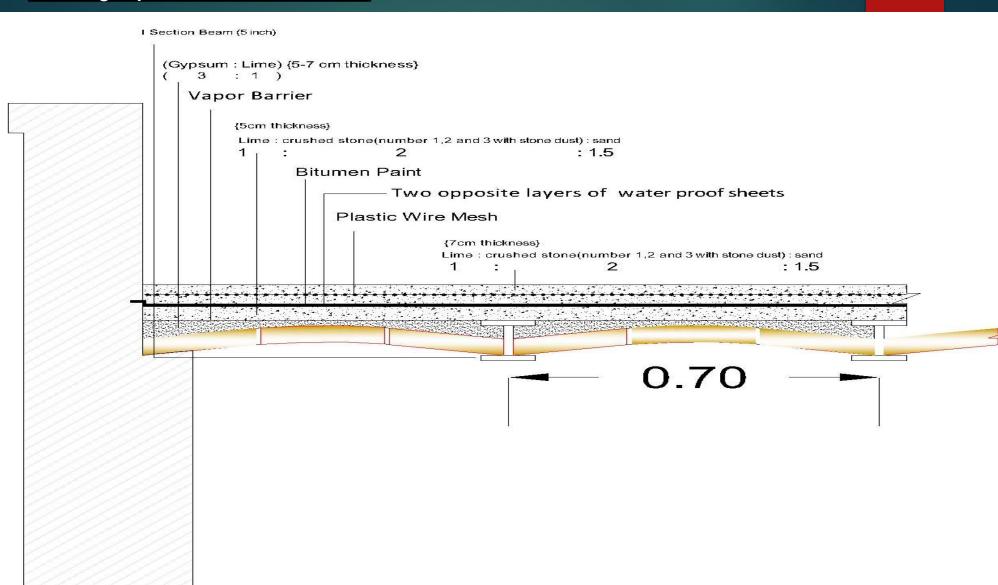








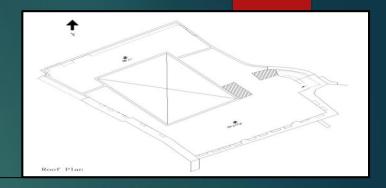




## **Roofing Layers**

- 1-Casting with gypsum and lime (3:1), (8mm thickness)
- 2-Placing flint coat layer.
- 3-Plasing 2 two opposite layers of Isogamies .
- 4-Casting the final layer of lime mixture (1 lime:2 crushed stone: 1.5 sand) including plastic wire mesh for consolidate.

See section 1-1





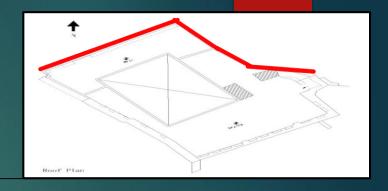






# Parapet Wall

-Building parapet wall with bricks and lime mortar (1 lime:1 sand: 0.75 stone dust)



#### Front & Side Façade(North West & North East Façade)



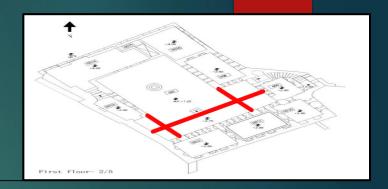






## Repairing Alabaster

- 1-Cleaning the damaged sarfaces and removing the detioriated layers and parts .
- 2-Completing the original shapes by adding new compatible Alabaster peices whenever necessary.
- 3-Smoothening the surfaces.

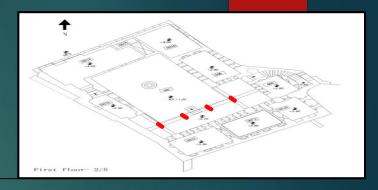


#### **Alabaster Arches**



# Repairing Alabaster

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#### Alabaster Columns





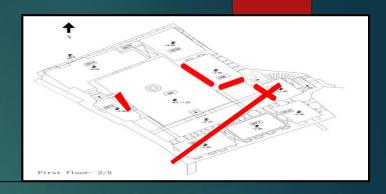






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#### **Alabaster Window Frames**









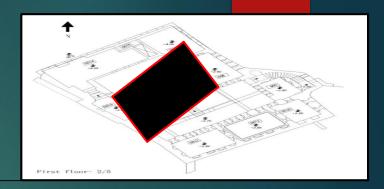






## **Flooring**

- 1-Removing the old concrete layer.
- 2-Lowering and levelling the courtyard to its' original level.
- 3-Applying a layer of cement and sand mixture for flattening (thicness ≈ 8cm)
- 4-Laying of brich tiles pavement with morter mix (cement ,sand).
- 5-Pointing the joints.



#### Courtyard Floor











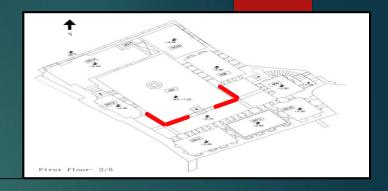






## Iron Grils

- 1-Repairing the iron grills of the tarma.
- 2-Applying anti-rast paint and coloured paint.
- 3-Installing the iron grills at their places.



















# Electrucal Work

-Installing electrucal cables.

